



IOM WASH - Basic infrastructure Monthly Progress Report

Jun
2015

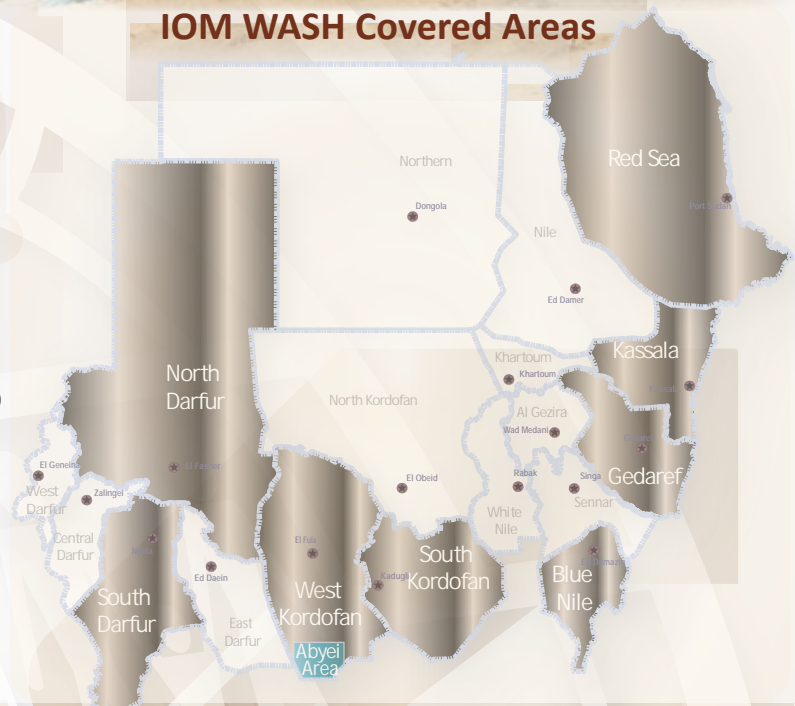


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As an active member of the WASH Sector, IOM works with the Government of Sudan and WASH partners to address causes and impacts of migration crises and enhance the wellbeing of the people in Sudan by providing safe drinking water, improved sanitation, and awareness of personal and environmental hygiene.

Throughout the month of June, 2015, IOM was able to bring life-saving water supply to approximately 35,850 people, improved hygiene practice of for 20,705 People and provide improved sanitations for 6,500 People in Darfur, South Kordofan, West Kordofan, Gadaref, Kassala, Red Sea, Blue Nile, and in Abyei.

IOM WASH Covered Areas



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IOM supports community reconciliation in El Sunut Locality, South Kordofan

In support of a reconciliation effort between Awlad Salim and Abu jnouk led through the Joint Conflict Reduction Programme, IOM is providing safe drinking water at 20 locations in Al Sonut Locality as part of the priorities identified through this reconciliation process. First among these, people in Hanbool community now has access to clean water. Prior to this reconciliation effort, the residents were fetching water from unprotected sources like ponds and rivers with frequent incidents of water-borne diseases. In addition to these hand pumps, IOM is facilitating state-led peace processes in Blue Nile, South Kordofan, and other areas in West Kordofan through demarcating cattle migration corridors and provision of water sources for cattle.

IDPs in West Kordofan State Receive Life-saving Potable Water

IOM is assisting the IDPs who were forced to flee conflict happening in areas around Dibab, West Kordofan State. In Kilo 77 area, approximately 5,000 IDPs are being hosted by their relatives and authorities. But additional pressure on the existing basic services is paramount. As safe drinking water was prioritized by the authorities, IOM has repaired a water point, which now helps people obtain safe water without exposing themselves to insecurity of long travel.



Improving the availability and accessibility of safe water, in North Darfur

In North Darfur IOM is actively working with WASH Sector partners to address the immediate and long-term water needs of IDPs and other conflict-affected communities. While working with the state authorities and international developmental agencies to develop the WASH facilities in the state, IOM is also addressing the immediate needs of the people fleeing conflict. Since June 22 IOM is undertaking water trucking for IDPs residing in Abasi Camp, delivering 37.5m³ of water daily to meet the survival water need of 5,300 new IDPs affected by the recent conflicts in Mellit areas.

To address the water need of the communities in a sustainable way, IOM has upgraded three hand pumps to solar-powered mini water yards, and repaired six major water yards in Zamzam and Korma Camps as well as conflict-affected communities in Allait and Tewisha localities throughout 2015, increasing the availability of daily safe water by nearly 792m³ for 28,705 people. IOM are closely working with these communities to build their capacity in financial management and maintenance to ensure proper management of water points.

Achieving and sustaining open defecation free (ODF) environment - North Darfur

In rural areas of Sudan, water-borne diseases related to simple act of open defecation pose one of the major challenges on people's health and development.

To address this, IOM is undertaking hygiene promotion exercise in selected six communities in Alleit & Tawisha, North Darfur, through the Community-led Total Sanitation (CLTS), an approach designed to eradicate open defecation by bringing to full attention of people the socially and medically undesirable impacts of open defecation.

IOM is assisting the communities by guiding the communities to analyze their own hygiene practices, including the extent of open defecation and the spread of fecal-oral contamination that detrimentally affects the health condition of every member of their communities.

In these communities, 4,141 households are participating in the action. So far, IOM assisted the communities through "ignition phase" of CLTS. Through this phase, the communities were mobilized to evaluate their own hygiene behaviors and its impact on their health conditions. This effort also resorts to more emotional sense of 'disgust' and 'shame' amongst the community as they visually recognize the risks of open defecation. Each targeted community eventually decided to have Open-defecation Free (ODF) environment and developed action plans to attain the target within three months. To synchronize the efforts in achieving this goal, 60 people were selected from the six villages and provided with CLTS facilitators training to follow up on the plan and help other community members in the process.

Other achievements in the month:

- IOM constructed latrine for 7,500 people in Abu Junuk, to improve environmental hygiene and reduce risks of water-borne diseases.
- 15,850 people in 15 villages in Alsunut locality, west kordofan, have access to clean water after IOM help constructed hand pumps.
- 5,000 people in Debab village, west kordofan, gained access to safe water through a water yard repaired by IOM.
- IOM repaired a mini water yard in Zam Zam camp, providing safe water for 2,500 IDPs and people.

Thanks to our Generous Donors:



