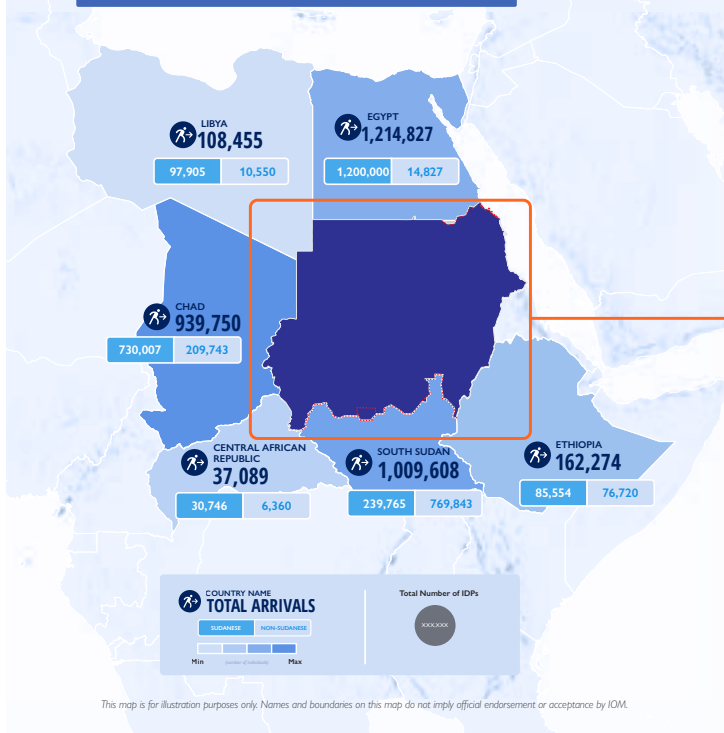
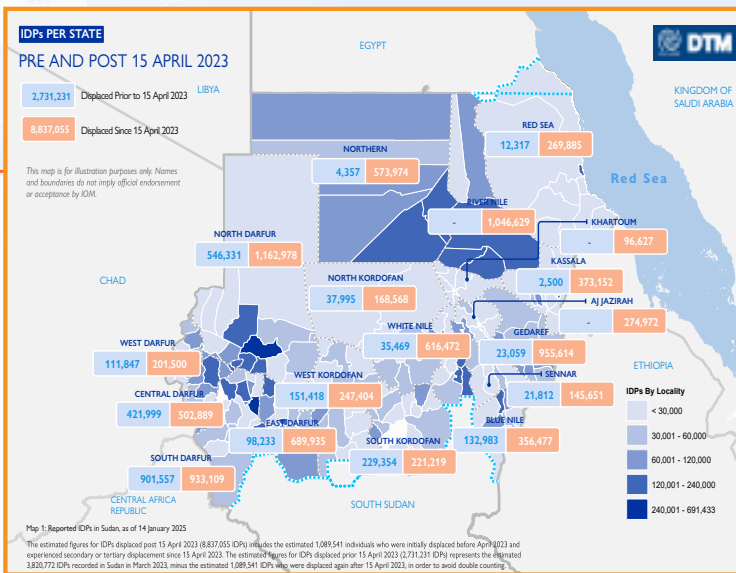


### DISPLACEMENT OVERVIEW: SUDAN AND NEIGHBOURING COUNTRIES



### KEY FIGURES



Data as per Sudan Mobility Update 14 | International Organization for Migration (IOM), Jan 21 2025. DTM Sudan Mobility Update (14). IOM, Sudan

### HIGHLIGHTS

Over the last 2 weeks:

- NFI** In Sudan, 3,059 individuals reached with shelter support via the common NFI pipeline.
- OTA** In South Sudan, 1,452 individuals assisted with onward transportation assistance (OTA) to reach their final destinations.
- Cash** In Egypt, 578 individuals reached with multipurpose cash assistance as part of IOM's direct assistance in Cairo.
- NFI** In Libya, 1,422 individuals reached with shelter support, including through the distribution of NFIs and hygiene kits in Alkufra, Ghat, Ejdabia and Tripoli.
- Health** In Ethiopia, 3,465 individuals supported with health support, including health and nutrition screenings, secondary healthcare services, sexual and reproductive health services, and primary healthcare consultations in health facilities and mobile clinics.



**8,175**  
PEOPLE REACHED  
OVER THE LAST 2 WEEKS



**3.6M**  
PEOPLE REACHED  
SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS  
IN APRIL 2023

Over 30% of Sudan's population are now displaced either within the country or across borders, making this the largest displacement crisis in the world. Over 11.5 million people are internally displaced within Sudan as per IOM's [Displacement Tracking Matrix \(DTM\)](#).

On 11 January, the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) announced that it had retaken Wad Medani in Aj Jazirah state, which had been controlled by the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) since late December 2023. [OCHA](#) has noted initial reports of persons returning to Aj Jazirah state. The risks to these populations - stemming from ongoing fragility, the lack of services such as health infrastructure, markets, and water, as well as the presence of unexploded ordnances (UXOs) – remain significant. IOM is participating in the inter-agency scoping missions that will assess the situation and initiate appropriate response.

In addition to ongoing access challenges in some parts of the country, the cash liquidity crisis that has followed the

the introduction of new banknotes by the Central Bank of Sudan (CBS) in SAF-held areas is resulting in operational constraints, including disruptions in supply chains and delays in delivery of humanitarian assistance.

IOM's [DTM reports](#) that food (84%), non-food items (78%), healthcare (77%), livelihoods and income (77%), and water (67%) are the priority needs amongst IDP populations in Sudan. Amongst the total IDP caseload, an estimated 231,000 households (2%) have indicated their intentions to move to another country, mainly Egypt (31%), Chad (25%), and South Sudan (10%). Seventy three percent of those who intend to move reported better opportunities in other countries as the primary reason for leaving within three to six months.

DTM data therefore suggests that mixed cross-border flows are likely to continue over the coming months. Displacement is marked by protection risks, including smuggling and trafficking in persons (TiP), particularly at the Egypt-Libya-Sudan border

With arrivals in neighbouring countries often crossing into

remote and underserved areas with limited infrastructure, lack of basic services, and high protection risks, a continued provision of humanitarian and protection assistance is a critical element of the response.


Within neighbouring countries, complex challenges are faced by many of those fleeing Sudan from accessing key services, thereby posing barriers to identifying durable solutions and exacerbating protection risks. As displacement becomes more protracted across the region, complementing humanitarian assistance with resilience and recovery programming is essential in identifying solutions to displacement and reinforcing social cohesion. As a triple-mandated actor, IOM is operationalizing a humanitarian-development-peace nexus (HDPN) approach to its programming across the region to comprehensively respond to the multidimensional needs of crisis-affected populations.

*2 week reporting period indicated below covers the period 1 - 14 January 2025*




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## SUDAN








**539**  
PEOPLE REACHED IN 2024



**2,858,262**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE ONSET OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023

During the reporting period, IOM reached:

-  **3,059 individuals reached with shelter support** via the common NFI pipeline.
-  **1,896 individuals supported with protection assistance**, including awareness raising activities and community outreach, direct tailored in-kind support (food), protection monitoring and vulnerability assessments, legal assistance, and promotion of access to child friendly spaces.
-  **478 individuals provided direct health assistance** at IOM's Migrant Resource Centre (MRC) in Kassala, Red Sea, and Gedaref states.
-  **469 individuals assisted with MHPSS support**, including through individual and group counselling sessions, awareness raising sessions on MHPSS, and recreational activities.
-  **601,121 individuals supported through IOM's Rapid Response Fund.\*\***

In hard-to-reach areas, which usually have the highest [severity of needs](#), IOM adopts innovative and flexible approaches to deliver despite access


constraints. IOM directly implements mobile clinics in partnership with UNDP – a total of three clinics have been operationalized, with a fourth clinic planned in Khartoum over the coming weeks.

In Sudan, IOM operates the Rapid Response Fund (RRF), a streamlined grants mechanism to provide small-grants to local actors, and the common pipeline, which provides a systematized procurement mechanisms to deliver items to local partners, who then deliver further to crisis-affected populations. Particularly in Wad Medani, IOM through the RRF intends to reach local communities with health and WASH communities over the coming weeks. This is part of a larger umbrella of grants that has reached over 600,000 people since April 2023 with the support of 32 partners, including in hard-to-reach areas of Khartoum, Aj Jazirah, and North Darfur. In addition, through the common pipeline, IOM has reached over one million people since the outbreak of the crisis, including in hard-to-reach areas of Khartoum and Aj Jazirah, as well as West, Central, and Southern Darfur. IOM is currently exploring possibilities to expand its reach in Wad Medani through the common pipeline, and is prepositioning items to immediately deploy to the area once security situation permits.


In parallel, cross-border and cross-line operations are essential to delivering life-saving humanitarian aid into hard-to-reach communities. In support of these operations, IOM has completed installation of one additional mobile storage unit (MSU) in Farchana with an additional four MSUs being finalized. This will increase IOM's total warehousing capacity in Chad to 1920 m2 to support cross-border operations from Chad into Darfur, Sudan, and will complement IOM's network of warehouses totalling 8,960m2 within Sudan.

\*\*RRF beneficiaries are not included in overall totals. The RRF data presented represents the total number of individuals reached since the outbreak of the crisis in April 2023, and as such includes individuals reached outside the current reporting period.

## SOUTH SUDAN




**1,452**  
PEOPLE REACHED IN 2024



**266,635**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE ONSET OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023


During the reporting period, IOM reached:

-  **1,452 individuals assisted with onward transportation assistance (OTA)** to reach their final destinations.

Over the reporting period, increased insecurity at the border area in Joda was noted. As such, IOM's operations at the reception centre in Joda have been temporarily paused, including road movements from Joda to Renk town. While IOM continues to monitor the situation, a scale-up of OTA activities is expected over the coming weeks once the situation normalizes.

The ongoing cholera outbreak in South Sudan also poses a challenge to OTA movements, given that the first stretch from Renk to Malakal is through decongested areas. OTA is a critical activity in decongesting the transit centre in Renk, and IOM's integrated suite of services provides health screening prior to movement as well as after to ensure individuals do not develop any symptoms. IOM continues to monitor the impact of the cholera outbreak on OTA services to ensure limited disruptions to services.

## CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC




**4,599**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023

IOM in CAR has prepositioned 1,000 NFI kits and 1,000 emergency shelter kits for distribution in Bambari, Kaga Bandoro, and Bangassou to assist refugees and returnees from Sudan. Planning for distribution is underway.



**IOM leads the returnee response in eastern Chad**  
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### CHAD



**160,264**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023

Most arrivals in Chad are spread across three main provinces of Ouddaï, Sila, and Wadi Fira. Given the protracted nature of displacement, it is essential to not only scale the response and provide humanitarian assistance to returnee populations, but also to host communities. As such, IOM in Chad advocates for an HDPN approach that is inclusive of needs of returnee and host communities to reinforce social cohesion.



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### EGYPT





**626**  
PEOPLE REACHED IN 2024

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**59,501**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023


During the reporting period, IOM reached:

-  **578 individuals reached with multipurpose cash assistance** as part of IOM's direct assistance in Cairo.
-  **48 individuals supported with health assistance**, including nutrition support.

Access to services remains a key challenge for Sudanese in Egypt, posing risks to resilience and exacerbating protection risks. IOM in Egypt continues to provide multisectoral direct assistance, most recently having [organized](#) a mass medical screening and vaccination campaign for Sudanese communities in Aswan in partnership with the Ministry of Health and Population.


IOM field teams have noted increasing protection concerns, such as homelessness and risks of gender-based violence (GBV) in relation to Sudanese who irregularly migrated to Egypt. As such, IOM advocates for strengthening protection mechanisms within the country, as well as advocates for reinforcing efforts toward facilitating regular pathways.

### ETHIOPIA







**1,494**  
PEOPLE REACHED IN 2024

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**160,517**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023

During the reporting period, IOM reached:

-  **3,465 individuals supported with health support**, including health and nutrition screenings, secondary healthcare services, sexual and reproductive health services, and primary healthcare consultations in health facilities and mobile clinics.
-  **1,546 individuals provided MHPSS services** including psychoeducation, group and individual counselling, external referrals, psychological first aid, and recreational activities at the Metema and Kurmuk PoEs.
-  **939 reached with WASH assistance**, including to hygiene promotion sessions, access to safe drinking water, and promoting access to latrines at the Metema Point of Entry (PoE).
-  **814 individuals provided tailored and targeted protection services** in Metema, Amhara region.


Insecurity continues in the Amhara region, impacting the speed and scale of humanitarian assistance. IOM continues to monitor the situation, and has capacities to resume operations at scale once the security situation permits.

### LIBYA









**4,064**  
PEOPLE REACHED IN 2024

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**92,452**  
PEOPLE REACHED SINCE THE OUTBREAK OF THE CRISIS IN APRIL 2023

During the reporting period, IOM reached:

-  **1,422 individuals reached with shelter support**, including through the distribution of NFIs and hygiene kits in Alkufra, Ghat, Ejdabia and Tripoli.
-  **1,310 individuals provided with medical consultations**, including referrals, in Ejdabia, Alkufra, and Al Jabal Al Akhdar.
-  **520 individuals assisted with food baskets** in Alkufra, Ghat, Tripoli, and Ejdabia.
-  **333 individuals reached through awareness raising sessions** on the risks of irregular migration.
-  **315 individuals assisted with protection support**, including vulnerability assessments and referrals.
-  **164 individuals provided with MHPSS support** including psychoeducation, counselling, and psychological first aid (PFA).

IOM continues to provide multisectoral humanitarian assistance to Sudanese in Libya. IOM's [hygiene kit distribution](#) in Tripoli aimed to promote health amongst Sudanese communities, thus ensuring equal access to basic services and fostering resilience across Libya.



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FOR MORE INFORMATION ON THE SUDAN CRISIS RESPONSE

